Numb. XLIV.

THE

Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Thurſday, October 23. to Monday, October 27. 1729.

ON Monday laſt, His Honour our Governour ſet out from hence for *New-Caſtle*, to meet the Aſſembly of the Three Lower Counties. The Gentlemen choſen to ſerve for the enſuing Year, are as follow, *viz.*

For *New-Caſtle* County.	For the County of *Kent*.	For the County of *Suſſex*.
Samuel James.	Mark Manlove, *Eſq*;	William Till, *Eſq*;
Thomas Noxſon.	R. Richardſon, *Eſq*;	Henry Brooke, *Eſq*;
Andr. Peterſon, *Eſq*;	A. Hamilton, *Eſq*;	SimonKolluck, *Eſq*;
John Curtis.	David French, *Eſq*;	Thomas Davies.
James Sykes.	John Brinklow.	En. Cumings, *Eſq*;
Joſeph Robinſon.	John Tilton.	Rich. Hinman, *Eſq*;

Mr. *Hamilton* was elected Speaker, and being preſented to His Honour the Governour, was by Him approved.

The Governour's SPEECH.

Mr. *Speaker*, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives;

IT gave me no ſmall Uneaſineſs, that I found my ſelf incapable of attending the Aſſembly of theſe Counties, at the Time of their appointed Meeting in September, *purſuant to their laſt Adjournment: But being then ſcarce recovered from the ſevereſt Fever I have been viſited with ſince I came into* America, *my Phyſicians were of Opinion I could not, in that Condition, undertake the Journey, without ſuch manifeſt Danger of a Relapſe, as might at leaſt render my Viſit to you altogether fruitleſs: For this Reaſon I judged it moſt adviſeable for the Eaſe of the Gentlemen I was to meet, to give them ſuch timely Notice as might prevent their Trouble and Diſappointment. Therefore what was then to be done,* viz. *the Reviſing and Compiling a Body of your Laws, will, I hope, by your Application, be this Year perfected; that Theſe being digeſted and publiſhed, the People, by that eaſier Opportunity of making themſelves acquainted therewith, may with more certainty know what is required of them, and accordingly conform themſelves to what They enjoyn.*

IT is a great Pleaſure to me, Gentlemen, to obſerve, that after the ſmall Struggles that appeared at my firſt Entrance on this Government, We are now univerſally fallen into ſo regular an Adminiſtration, that I ſcarce know any one Thing neceſſary to be recommended particularly to your Care, or that requires any immediate or uncommon Proviſion. This, next to the Bleſſing of God on the Sincerity of my Endeavours (without any partial Views) to make every good Man eaſy in the Station Providence has placed him, muſt undoubtedly be owing to the Strength of Reaſon and good Senſe in the People, in diſtinguiſhing rightly between the ſolid Enjoyment of real Priviledges, in which it ſhall ever be my Study to protect them, and the idle Suggeſtions and Jealouſies, by which deſigning Perſons would have endeavoured to put them out of the Way of reaping the happier Fruits of a regular Conduct, with inward Peace and Contentment.

I have indeed heard Complaints of the Scarcity of a Currency in theſe Counties, as we had the ſame of late in the Province: For a Remedy to this latter, I have ventured to paſs an Act of Aſſembly for emitting a large Sum, which by its Circulation muſt undoubtedly affect all Parts on this River; but I am anxious to hear the Succeſs of that Act in Britain, *an Account of which I expect ſoon. In the mean time, it will be convenient for you to make an exact and thorow Inquiry into the Accounts of the Loan-Offices for theſe Counties, to diſcover how Payments have been made, and to deduce as exact a Computation as may be of the Sum now abroad on both Emiſſions: And ſo ſoon as our Condition in reſpect to this Currency can be more perfectly underſtood, I ſhall be very ready to join with you in any juſt and ſafe Meaſures that may prove for the true Intereſt and Honour of theſe Counties, in This or any other Point, wherein my Concurrence can contribute to the Eaſe and Benefit of His Majeſty's Subjects committed to my Care; In which I have His own glorious Example ſet before me, to imitate in our low Sphere: And I doubt not but you will be equally ambitious of copying after That of His Loyal and Faithful Commons.*

New-Caſtle, Octob. 21. 1729. P. GORDON.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Hanover, June 14. Saturday the King went to the Parade, where he found the Guards drawn up in Order. His Majeſty made them perform their Exerciſe, which he will alter in part, and introduce the Engliſh manner, which he himſelf ſhew'd them.

London, June 14. Mr. William Davis, Under-Porter to his Majeſty, which Place he enjoy'd fifty-ſix Years, and is now eighty-ſix Years old, was married laſt Week to a young Woman of Twenty.

The Queſtion as to the Validity of the Cuſtom of Diſſenters paying for Churching was lately ſolemnly argued at the King's Bench, in the Cauſe of Naylor and Scot Vicar of Wakefield; when the Court, after hearing learn'd Council on both ſides, unanimouſly declar'd ſuch Cuſtom to be unreaſonable and Void.

London, July 5. By a private Letter from on board the Induſtry, Capt. James Williamſon Commander, at Barbadoes, we have this Account, That in her Paſſage from Guinea, the Slaves having contriv'd to riſe upon the Ship's Crew, and to that Purpoſe made themſelves Maſters of Gunpowder, Muskets, Shot, &c. a Negro Woman was ſeized in the Fact (between Decks) of conveying Powder, Balls, &c. thro' a Hole in the Partition between the Mens and Womens Apartments; the Maſter with the greateſt Difficulty, being able, after giving her ſeveral Cuts with his Cutlaſh, to bring her upon Deck, finding her ſo mangled, that tho' her Life might be ſaved, yet ſhe would not be fit for the Market, called a Council, when they unanimouſly agreed to make her an Example to the reſt: Accordingly they hoiſted her up to the Fore-Yard-Arm, in view of the other Slaves, whom they had diſarmed, and fired half a Dozen Balls thro' her Body; the laſt Shot that was fired cut the Rope which ſhe was ſlung by, ſo that ſhe tumbled amain into the Sea at once; which terrified the reſt ſo, that they

brought them into Barbadoes ſafe, without the leaſt Diſturbance the reſt of the Voyage.

On Thurſday, Col. Negus, Repreſentative for the Town of Ipſwich, and Avener and Clerk Martial under the Maſter of the Horſe to His Majeſty, received by an Expreſs the melancholy News, that his Seat called Dallinghoe in Suffolk had been burnt to the Ground, together with all the Furniture, Paintings and Papers, to the Damage of 10000 l. a Servant Maid narrowly eſcaped with her Life, having one of her Arms broke by leaping out of a Window: This Fire happened at ſix a Clock laſt Tueſday Morning, and is ſuppoſed to be occaſioned by the Careleſneſs of ſome Workmen, in letting their Shavings take Fire. ---- Col. Negus came to Town from the ſaid Houſe laſt Week, where he had been to give Directions to the Workmen about ſome neceſſary Repairs.

Stockholm, July 16. The King has ſent Orders to Meyerfield, Governor General of the Swediſh Pomerania, to raiſe 7000 Men of new Troops, to increaſe the Number of thoſe that are quartered in that Province. The Twelfth of this Month there happen'd a violent Storm, by which many Veſſels periſhed in the Gulph of Bohemia, which has been a very conſiderable Loſs to the trading Part of this Kingdom, becauſe the Veſſels having bulged on the Rocks, were daſh'd all to Pieces; ſo that it was not poſſible to ſave either the Mariners, or the Goods on Board. We are alſo in Fear that ſeveral Ships that were expected from Finland, have been caught in this Storm.

London, July 29. Yeſterday as Mr. Weſtbrook a Surgeon in Dartmouth-ſtreet, Weſtminſter, was coming to Town, from Reading in Berkſhire, in a Coach and four Horſes, with his Wife, Mother and three Children, near Colebrook, the Horſes, being young, took Fright at two Men riding on Aſſes, and run away with the Coach, which at length over-ſet; the Coachman was kill'd on the Spot, Mr. Weſtbrook's Wife had her Collar-Bone broke, and his Mother one of her Arms broke, and one of his Children ſo bruiſed, that it was at the Point of Death this Morning, and Mr. Weſtbrook was hurt in one of his Eyes.

London, Auguſt 9. The George, Captain Pit, in her Paſſage from Eaſt-India, in the Latitude of 33, and about 150 Leagues to the Weſtward of the Weſtern Iſlands, ſaw a Veſſel of about ſeventy Tons, Bottom upwards in the Sea; they faſten'd a Hawſer to one of her Chain Plates, and righted her: All her Maſts were gone, and upon Examination they found ſhe was loaded with Lumber, the chief Part of which was waſh'd out of her. They imagin'd ſhe came from ſome Part of New-England, and bound for Madera. After they had kept her ſome Time they were obliged to leave her, and ſhe quickly overſet again. She had a great many Barnacles, by which it was ſuppoſed ſhe had been overſet ſome Time.

Yeſterday Morning a ſtray'd Ox going through King-ſtreet, Covent-Garden, went into an open Houſe, and having taken a Survey of the Shop and Gardens, walk'd up into the Front Chamber, where he ſtay'd a ſmall Time, then jump'd out of the Window through the Saſh upon the Penthouſe next Door, which he broke all to Pieces, and fell into the Street and walk'd off.

From the Country Journal, *dated Auguſt* 16.

Extract of a Letter from Briſtol, Aug. 8. 1729. "The Merchants and Tradeſmen in this City have nothing to do, "occaſioned by our Flota being detain'd in Jamaica by an "Embargo, which was put on the 5th of April laſt, and "was continued the 5th of May, when the Deal Caſtle "Ship of War, Capt. Mead came thence; and we are "afraid has continued much longer, becauſe not one, of "the great Number of Ships that were there, is arrived "in any Part of Great Britain. There is near forty Sail "of Ships belonging to this Port, and ſome of theſe Ships "were laded on the 7th of April, (two Days after the "Embargo was put on) and others daily getting laden, "which if detained, muſt meet with the ſame Fate Admiral Hoſier's Squadron did off the Baſtimento's, to have "their Bottoms eaten out by the Worms, or the Ships muſt "diſcharge their Ladings and be careen'd; beſides, the "Sailor's Wages muſt be paid, Proviſion for their Support "muſt be had, and the Wear of Cables, Anchors, and "the Damage which the Ships and Rigging muſt ſuſtain "in that ſcorching Climate; theſe Hardſhips are too ſenſibly felt, and the Loſs even this City has ſuſtain'd by "their being detain'd is not leſs than Thirty Thouſand "Pounds, and how much more Time muſt ſhew; for by "their Detainer, the Men will grow ſickly and die, and "ſo the Ships rendred leſs capable of coming home with "Safety; beſides the Time of Year for Hurricanes and "Tornadoes there, and coming home weakly mann'd, in "a Seaſon, when we muſt expect windy and ſtormy Weather on our Coaſt, has already raiſed the Premium for "Inſurance, which gives us a diſmal Proſpect; how the "Merchants in London fare, I can't tell; but I wiſh them "and us good Sight of our Eſtates from that Quarter: "Our Sugar Houſes have ſtopt for want of Sugar to refine, "and ſome have been forc'd to go to Leverpool to buy "Sugars, that they might not loſe their Trade wholly; "aud whilſt we continue in this unhappy Situation of "Uncertainties of our Fleet, the French are ſupplying the "Foreign Markets with Sugars, and when ours comes home "in ſuch a Glut, and at ſuch a late Time of the Year, "the Price much be much lower than if they had come "home in due Time, and the Conſumption of ſome Thouſand Hogſheads of Sugar loſt to this Kingdom.

Philadelphia, Octob. 25.

We hear that on Monday laſt, a Cart and five Horſes, together with their Driver fell from the Top of a Stone Bridge at Derby, which is near fourteen Foot high, and came all out unhurt.

On Tueſday laſt, one Cunrad Oldhans, riding in his Cart on the Road at Towmenſon, in this County (by the the Plantation of Daniel Williams) the Horſes turning ſhort round a Corner, the Wheel took a Stake in the Fence and mounted ſo high that the Cart overſet, and turned Bottom upwards, and the Wheel falling upon his Head, killed him inſtantly. *Taken from the Coroner's Inquiſition, dated* Octob. 22.

Advertiſements.

To be Let to FREIGHT:

THE Brigantine *Ann & Elizabeth*, Burthen *Sixty Tons* or thereabouts, now lying at Mr. *Robert Ellis*'s Wharff. The Maſter may be treated with on Board ſaid Veſſel, or at the Houſe of Mr. *Benj. Morgan* in King-ſtreet.

BIBLES, Teſtaments, Pſalters, Pſalm-Books, Accompt-Books, Bills of Lading bound and unbound, Common Blank Bonds for Money, Bonds with Judgment, Counterbonds, Arbitration Bonds, Arbitration Bonds with Umpirage, Bail Bonds, Counterbonds to ſave Bail harmleſs, Bills of Sale, Powers of Attorney, Writs, Summons, Apprentices Indentures, Servants Indentures, Penal Bills, Promiſory Notes, &c. all the Blanks in the moſt authentick Forms, and correctly printed; may be had at the Publiſhers of this Paper; who perform all other Sorts of Printing at reaſonable Rates.

CHoice Maid Servants, fit for Town or Country Buſineſs, to be diſpos'd of by *John Searle*, at the Houſe of *Benjamin Morgan*, Wine-Cooper, in King-ſtreet.

Inſtead of Publiſhing a Whole Sheet *once a Week, as the firſt Undertaker engag'd to do in his Propoſals, we ſhall continue to publiſh a* Half Sheet *twice a Week, which amounts to the ſame Thing; only it is eaſier to us, and we think it will be more acceptable to our Readers, inaſmuch as their Entertainment will by this Means become more frequent. Thoſe Gentlemen that are Subſcribers, living in the Country, have their Papers carefully ſent them ſealed up by the firſt Opportunity; others that chuſe to ſend for them have them always ready with their Names wrote upon each Paper. And our Country Correſpondents are deſired to acquaint as ſoon as poſſible with every remarkable Accident, Occurence, &c. fit for publick Notice, that may happen within their Knowledge, in Order to make this Paper more univerſally intelligent.*

Philadelphia: Printed by *B. Franklin* and *H. Meredith*, at the New Printing-Office near the Market, where Advertiſements are taken in, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper, at *Ten Shillings* a Year.